DEIRDRE DES JARDINS 1 145 Beel Dr Santa Cruz, California 95060 Telephone: (831) 423-6857 Cell phone: (831) 566-6320 3 Email: ddj@cah2oresearch.com 4 Principal, California Water Research 5 6 BEFORE THE 7 CALIFORNIA STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD 8 9 MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION AND HEARING REGARDING PETITION FILED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF DISMISSAL OF PETITION 10 WATER RESOURCES AND U.S. BUREAU OR IN THE ALTERNATIVE, MOTION TO OF RECLAMATION REQUESTING 11 PUT EX PARTE COMMUNICATIONS IN CHANGES IN WATER RIGHTS FOR THE THE RECORD AND REOPEN PART 1 12 CALIFORNIA WATERFIX PROJECT 13 14 I. INTRODUCTION 15 Deirdre Des Jardins, Principal at California Water Research ("California Water 16 Research") hereby moves for reconsideration of the Hearing Officers March 15, 2017 ruling that 17 motions to dismiss will not be considered, and further moves to dimiss the Petition, based on 18 points and authorities argued below. If the Hearing Officers decline to dismiss the petition, 19 California Water Research moves that the Hearing Officers reopen Part 1 of the hearing to 20 address the prejudice created by extensive Ex Parte contacts between the Department of Water 21 Resources and the Hearing team prior to and during Part 1 of the Hearing. In that case, 22 California Water Research moves: 23 24 (1) That the Hearing Officers put Ex Parte communications between the Department of

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California Water Research (Deirdre Des Jardins)' Motion for Reconsideration and Dismissal of Petition, or in the Alternative, Motion to Put Ex Parte Communications in the Record and Reopen Part 1

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Water Resources and the Hearing team regarding the adequacy of the WaterFix Water

- Right Change Petition and the modeling for the Petition into evidence, under Govt Code § 11430.50 (a)(1), and allow protestants to comment on the communications, as required under Govt Code 11430.50(a.)
- (2) That, prior to putting the Ex Parte communications in the record, that the Hearing Officers first stay the hearing to provide a suitable period for discovery of further relevant Ex Parte information, as moved by Save the California Delta Alliance et. al. on January 12, 2018¹, and by County of Sacramento et. al. on Jan 15, 2018², including deposition of witnesses;
- (3) That, following official submittal of the Ex Parte communications into the Hearing Record, the Hearing Officers reopen Part 1 of the Hearing record, under Government Code section 11430.50, subdivisions (c)(1) and (c)(2), to allow protestants to submit comments and evidence that the Ex Parte contacts affected the Hearing counsels's advice to the Hearing Officers to
 - a. proceed with a change petition that was lacking the information required under statute and regulation
 - rule against objections to evidence and testimony based on relevance and reliability

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¹¹ The January 12, 2018 *Motion to Continue Hearings for 90 Days to Allow Reformation of Waterfix Hearings to Conform to the Rule of Law* by Save the California Delta Alliance et. al. and all documents and evidence filed in support thereof, is incorporated as if set forth fully herein. Available at https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/waterrights/water-issues/programs/bay-delta/california-waterfix/docs/2018/20180

https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/waterrights/water_issues/programs/bay_delta/california_waterfix/docs/2018/20180 112 scda_motion.pdf

² The Jan 15, 2018 *Motion to Stay or Continue Waterfix Part 2 Hearing* by County of Sacramento et. al. and all documents and evidence filed in support thereof, is incorporated as if set forth fully herein. Available at https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/waterrights/water-issues/programs/bay-delta/california-waterfix/docs/2018/20180 https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/waterrights/water-issues/programs/bay-delta/california-waterfix/docs/2018/20180 https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/waterrights/water-issues/programs/bay-delta/california-waterfix/docs/2018/20180 https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/waterrights/water-issues/programs/bay-delta/california-waterfix/docs/2018/20180 https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/waterrights/water-issues/programs/bay-delta/california-waterfix/docs/2018/20180 https://water-issues/programs/bay-delta/california-waterfix/docs/2018/20180 https://waterfix/docs/2018/20180 https://waterfix/docs/2018/20180 https://www.waterfix/docs/2018/20180 https://wwww.waterfix/docs/2018/20180 https://www.w

- c. rule that no further objections before the hearing would be allowed, and the
 Hearing Team would make all further decisions on admissibility and
 reliability.;
- d. rule that no further written objections could be filed.
- (4) The Hearing Officers provide an opportunity for motions by parties, following receipt of the evidence, including motions for disqualification and motions for reconsideration of hearing rulings.
- (5) That the Hearing Officers continue Part 2 of the Hearing to allow for reopening of Part 1.

California Water Research also requests that the Hearing team counsel, Dana Heinrich, recuse herself from either discussing or advising on these motions, based on a conflict of interest.

II. LEGAL ARGUMENT

A. MOTION TO DISMISS

The Hearing Officers, advised by the Hearing Team counsel, ruled on March 15, 2017 that motions to dismiss would be summarily denied. The ruling stated:

In the order dismissing the enforcement proceedings against BBID and WSID, the State Water Board expressly stated that it does not generally allow parties to move for judgment during the course of an evidentiary hearing, and discouraged parties in future proceedings from attempting to do so. (Order WR 2016-0015, p. 12.) The issues involved in this proceeding are fundamentally different from the issues involved in the enforcement proceedings against BBID and WSID. Accordingly, we decline to depart from our usual practice of reaching a decision on the merits based on the entire record after all of the parties have presented all of their evidence. Accordingly, any motions to dismiss filed at the conclusion of Part 1 of the hearing will be summarily denied. (See Erika K. v. Brett D. (2008) 161 Cal.App.4th 1259, 1271 [trial court has absolute discretion to deny section 631.8 motion for judgment regardless of the state of the evidence].) (underlining added.)

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The finding of the court in *Erika K. v. Brett D.*, supra, was only with respect to motions for summary judgement under section 631.8 of the Code of Civil Procedure. The ruling did not address situations where the initial pleading was legally insufficient, where the judge allowed the petitioner to repeatedly amend the pleading with testimony during the trial, where facts in the testimony amending the pleading were later found to be misleading and inaccurate, and where there was extensive Ex Parte contact with the judge during the trial that irrevocably tainted the rulings in the case to proceed with a legally insufficient pleading. All of these elements are present in the WaterFix hearing, as argued on points and authorities below.

The Hearing team counsel, Dana Heinrich, presumably accepted the petitioners' application for filing based on "substantial compliance" provision of the Board's regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 23, § 675.)

Upon receipt, an application will be reviewed for compliance with the requirements of the Water Code and this subchapter. An application will be accepted for filing when it substantially complies with the requirements. Substantial compliance means that the application is made in a good faith attempt to conform to the rules and regulations of the board and to the law, and the information submitted and the form of submission are sufficient in view of the particular circumstances to fulfill the purpose of the requirements.

To the extent that the Petitioners knew at the time of filing that the proposed design and operations of the project were subject to change, and have repeatedly failed to make timely disclosure that the project was changing, it does not show a good faith effort to "conform to the rules and regulations of the board and to the law."

As explained below, the Hearing Officers ruled that the petitioners should submit additional information required for the application in Petitioners' case in chief in Part 1A of the hearing, but never formally considered whether the information provided was fully responsive

³ Petitioners could have asked for an extension of time to complete the application under the California Code of Regulations, title 23, section 681, but never did.

and complied with the Board's regulations. The California Code of Regulations, Title 23, section 648, subdivision (b) provides:

section 648, subdivision (b) provides:

Failure by an applicant to comply with a written request for information

Failure by an applicant to comply with a written request for information pursuant to subdivision (a) of this section within a reasonable time and in a responsive manner may be cause for the board to cancel or reject the application pursuant to Government Code Section 65956(c) or the State Administrative Manual Permit Guidelines Section 1099, adopted on January 31, 1978.

To the extent that Petitioners' case in chief in Part 1 did not contain complete and accurate information required under statute and regulation (Wat. Code § 1701.2, Cal. Code Regs., tit. 23, § 794(a.)), it was wholly prejudicial to bar motions to dismiss the petition, pursuant to Title 23, section 648, subdivision (b), supra. There is a prima facie case that this barring of motions to dismiss was influenced by Ex Parte review and approval of information for the Petitioners' cases in chief in Part 1 by the Hearing team, as argued below.

B. EX PARTE CONTACTS

Although the Hearing team has stated that they did not convey information communicated by Petitioners to the Hearing Officers, as advisors to the Hearing Officers, the communications were sufficient to violate common law principals on Ex Parte communications in administrative hearings. Sacramento County et. al argued in their January 15, 2018 *Motion to Stay or Continue Waterfix Part 2 Hearing*,

The California Supreme Court interprets "presiding officer" as it is used in the APA to mean all decision makers, including "an officer who presides over an evidentiary hearing," "agency heads and their delegees, whether or not they preside over an evidentiary hearing," and, significantly, advisors to decision makers. (Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control v. Alcoholic Beverage Control Appeals Board (2006) 40 Cal.4th 1, 9-10 (Quintanar); see also Gov. Code, § 11405.80.) On this point, the Supreme Court explained:

The Court of Appeal drew no distinction between communications between a prosecutor and a final agency decision maker on the one hand, and those between a prosecutor and the decision maker's advisor, on the other. Nor

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27 28 do we. Each form of contact equally compromises the protections the APA's adjudicative bill of rights sought to adopt; nothing in the APA contemplates permitting an agency to accomplish through secondhand communications what is forbidden through firsthand communications. (p. 8, citations omitted.) (*Id* at 8:13-9:21.)

Save the California Delta Alliance et. al. also asserted in their December 28, 2017 Letter to Michael Lauffer Dated December 28, 2017⁴ that the Canon of Judicial Conduct (Canon 3(B)(7)) applies to actions by the Hearing team counsel and Hearing Officers in proceedings before the State Water Resources Control Board. California Water Research notes that the Board never adopted Chapter 16 of the APA act on the Administrative Adjudication Code of Ethics (Govt. Code § 11475 et. seq.) The Board's 2002 resolution to exempt adjudicatory proceedings before the Board from Chapter 16 of the APA stated⁵,

Experience with Article 16 has indicated that the majority of its provisions are duplicative of existing law in the APA and the Political Reform Act (Gov. Code § 81000 et seq.), and that the remaining provisions are unduly vague or not conducive to the efficient performance of the duties of presiding officers. (*Id* at p. 2.)

However, the April 25, 2013 Ex Parte Communications Questions and Answers Document by Michael Lauffer, the Chief Counsel for the State Water Resources Control Board⁶ clearly recognizes that the Board performs a judicial function in adjudicatory proceedings:

Ex parte communications rules reflect the water boards' hybrid powers. Unlike the Legislature, the water boards have attributes of both legislative power and judicial power. The ex parte communications prohibition arises when the water boards are exercising

⁴ Save the California Delta Alliance's December 28, 2017 Letter to Michael Lauffer is and all documents and evidence filed in support thereof, is incorporated as if set forth fully herein. Available at https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/waterrights/water_issues/programs/bay_delta/california_waterfix/docs/2017/20171 228 SCDA PRA.pdf

⁵ The Board's 2002 Resolution Adopting Amended Regulation Governing Adjudicative Proceedings is available at https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/board_decisions/adopted_orders/resolutions/2002/rs2002-0166.pdf. Requested for admission by reference.

⁶ Included as an attachment in Save the California Delta Alliances' December 28, 2017 Letter to Michael Lauffer

their judicial power. Rules and due process preclude judges from receiving ex parte communications on matters pending before them or inferior courts. (p. 18.)

As Lauffer's April 25, 2013 memo recognized, the Board cannot, as a matter of law, exempt its adjudicatory procedures from the common law principles of judicial ethics. Save the California Delta Alliance's January 12, 2018 motion cited an appellate court ruling regarding "violation of the 'common law ... of legal ethics.", (STCDA motion , p. 3 at 15-20, citing *Mathew Zaheri Corporation v. New Motor Vehicle Board* (1997) 55 Cal. App. 4th 1305, 1315–1317) and also regarding bias (STCDA, p. 3 at 10-14, citing *Mathew Zaheri*, supra, at 1315.)

Having not adopted Chapter 16 of the APA act, the common law principles embodied in the Canon of Judicial Ethics apply, as does the interpretation of the prohibition on Ex Parte Communications in the Board's October 30, 2015 Hearing Notice, and in Lauffer's memo.

In conclusion, common law rules on judicial ethics, as embodied by the Canon of Judicial ethics and the Chief Counsel's memo on Ex Parte communications, apply to both the Hearing Officers and the Hearing team in Board proceedings.

C. EX PARTE COMMUNICATIONS, BIAS, AND DISQUALIFICATION

As argued below, there is prima facie evidence that the substantial Ex Parte communications between the Petitioners and the Hearing team counsel influenced the Hearing team counsel's advice to the Hearing Officers on a series of rulings that were extremely prejudicial to protestants. Instead of reconsidering the decisions, the rulings doubled down, barring motions to dismiss and the submittal of evidentiary objections.

For this situation to arise shows unacceptable bias and poor judgement. Government Code section 11425.40 provides that "[t]he presiding officer is subject to disqualification for bias, prejudice, or interest in the proceeding." In State Water Resources Control Bd. Cases (2006) 136 Cal.App.4th 674, the court held that "[t]he contention that a fair hearing requires a neutral and unbiased decision maker is a fundamental component of a fair adjudication...." (*Id.*)

at 840, quoting Breakzone Billiards v. City of Torrance (2000) 81 Cal.App.4th 1205, 1234.) As argued by Sacramento County et. al., and quoted below, the California Supreme Court interprets "presiding officer" as it is used in the APA to include advisors to decision makers.

If the Petition is not dismissed, the Ex Parte communications must be put into the Hearing Record, as required under Government Code section 11430.50, and the Hearing parties must have the chance to comment and submit evidence, and move for disqualification of the Hearing team counsel and/or reconsideration of the rulings.

III. RULINGS ON ADEQUACY OF PETITION

The Board's standard application form was attached to the WaterFix Water Right Change Petition and signed by the Petitioners' agents (Exhibit SWRCB-1, p. 9.) The Board's standard Petition application form requires the following:

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED CHANGES OR WORK REMAINING TO BE COMPLETED For a petition for change, provide a description of the proposed changes to your project including, but not limited to, type of construction activity, structures existing or to be built, area to be graded or excavated, increase in water diversion and use (up to the amount authorized by the permit), changes in land use, and project operational changes, including changes in how the water will be used. (Exhibit SWRCB-1, p. 6.)

This information is required by statute (Wat. Code § 1701.2) and regulation (Tit. 23 Cal. Code Regs § 794.) The response by the Petitioners' agents referred to Alternative 4A in the WaterFix Partially Recirculated Draft EIR/EIS in the response to this form, stating in part:

Alternative 4A includes the construction of three fish-screened intakes on the east bank of the Sacramento River between Clarksburg and Courtland, each with a capacity of 3,000 cfs. [...] Specific discussions of the components of Alternative 4A most relevant to the attached water rights change petition can be found within the Partially Recirculated Draft EIR / Supplemental Draft EIS at sections 1.1; 1.1.4; 4.1; 4.1.2.2; 4.1.2.3; 4.1.2.4; 4.3.7; 4.3.8; 11.1.5.2; Appendix A; Appendix 3B (Exhibit SWRCB-1, p. 6.)

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Multiple protestants moved to dismiss the petition, based on the contention that (1) the project description in the Partially Recirculated Draft EIR / Supplemental Draft EIS was subject to change, and (2) the RDEIR/SDEIS did not provide the detailed information required under statute and regulation (Wat. Code § 1701.2, Cal. Code Regs., tit. 23, § 794(a.))

The Hearing Officers' February 11, 2016 ruling⁷ simply cited the Petitioner's assertion that the information required under section 794 was in the RDEIR/SDEIS:

California Code of Regulations, title 23, section 794 contains a detailed list of information that must be provided in a change petition, including effects on other known users of water, and any quantified changes in water quality, quantity, timing of diversion and use, reduction in return flows and other pertinent information. The petitioners' change petition specifies that this information is contained in the CEQA/NEPA documents. (*Id* at p. 5.)

The Hearing Officers' February 11, 2016 hearing ruling also referred to modeling of operational scenarios not referenced or submitted with the petition application, that petitioners proposed as supporting the petition:

Further, petitioners submitted a post-pre-hearing conference letter stating that additional CALSIM and DSM2 hydrologic and water quality modeling data prepared for the biological assessment for the WaterFix ESA processes are available upon request. (*Id* at p. 6.)

The petitioners' cases in chief must, to the extent possible, contain the information required by section 794 of our regulations in a succinct and easily identifiable format. (*Id* at p. 7.)

The Hearing Officers thus accepted the petitioners' proposed reliance on modeling of operational scenarios, external to the petition application, to provide information on "quantified changes in water quality, quantity, timing of diversion and use, reduction in return flows and

http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/waterrights/water_issues/programs/bay_delta/california_waterfix/docs/021116phc_r_uling.pdf

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other pertinent information." This reliance on modeling, not specified in the petition application, for information required to be *in the petition at time of filing* (Cal Code Regs tit. 23 § 794(d)) has allowed the Petitioners to repeatedly change the proposed operations of the WaterFix project during the course of the WaterFix hearing, and to knowingly submit evidence and testimony on proposed operations that were obsolete and/or speculative, forcing protestants to collective spend millions of dollars analyzing and responding to evidence and testimony that was obsolete and speculative. This is an abuse of computer modeling. As testified by Deirdre Des Jardins in Part 1B, engineering standards require validation before use of computer models, including use as evidence. Validation of operational simulations includes confirming that the operations being simulated are a valid representation of the operations.

The petition application and supporting information required under statute and regulation, is also sworn document (Cal Code Regs tit. 23 § 711), similar to a pleading in a civil court, and to repeatedly and knowingly amend it with obsolete or speculative information is an abuse of process. As described below, Petitioners proposed different operations before the hearing, on submission of Petitioners' case in chief in Part 1, and on submission of the Petitioners' case in chief in Part 2, and concealed discussions of these changes from the Hearing parties. The proposed operations for Part 2 have been changed far beyond what could be called "clarifications" of the H3-H4 operational range in the petition application, as explained in the Jan 26, 2018 motion to Continue by the City of Antioch. Friends of the River et. al. also cited the change in project description in comments on the Part 2 pre-hearing conference9:

⁸ California Water Research hereby incorporates the January 26, 2018 Motion to Continue -- Motion for Continuance of Phase 2 and Reconsideration of Reopening of Part 1 by the City of Antioch, as if set forth fully herein. Available at

https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/waterrights/water issues/programs/bay delta/california waterfix/docs/2018/20180 126 antioch.pdf

⁹ California Water Research hereby incorporates the September 21, 2017 pre-hearing comments of Friends of the River et. al. as if set forth fully herein. Available at

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Since the preferred alternative in the RDEIR/SDEIS is clearly the description of the project in the petition application, and was recognized as such in the February 11, 2016 pre-hearing conference ruling, the petitioners are now proposing a different project. The petition must be dismissed, and a new petition must be submitted with true, correct, and complete project information.

California Water Research submitted the September 20, 2017 announcement of the decision by the Board of Westlands Water District to not participate in the project for Official Notice on September 27, 2017¹⁰, but no action was taken on the submission. The City of Antioch also cited prima facie evidence that the Department of Water Resources is changing the project to a phased implementation, that was simply not analyzed in the RDEIR/SDEIS that was submitted as a description of the project in the petition application.¹¹ A phased project implementation would substantially change the Early Long Term operations submitted for Part 2, as well as the Early

https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/waterrights/water_issues/programs/bay_delta/california_waterfix/docs/2017/20170_921_fotr_pt2phctopic.pdf

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¹⁰ California Water Research's Request for Official Notice: WWD statement on the California WaterFix, and the attached official statement by Westlands Water District are hereby incorporated as if set forth in full herein.
Available at

https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/waterrights/water_issues/programs/bay_delta/california_waterfix/docs/2017/20170_927_ddj_request.pdf and at

https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/waterrights/water issues/programs/bay delta/california waterfix/docs/2017/20170 927 ddj wwd.pdf

¹¹ January 26, 2018 Motion to Continue -- Motion for Continuance of Phase 2 and Reconsideration of Reopening of Part 1 by the City of Antioch, p. 2.

Long Term proposed engineering design submitted in Part 1. Since the WaterFix preferred project operations under Late Long Term levels of sea level rise were not analyzed in the RDEIR/SDEIS, there is simply no appropriate analysis for any time period. Clearly the errors here are cumulative, and egregious. The question then is why the Hearing Officers and Hearing Team counsel have allowed them to accumulate.

Documents obtained under a Public Records Act request by Patrick Porgans ("PRA documents") show that were substantial Ex Parte contacts with the Hearing Team on the adequacy of the Petition. DWR's counsel, employees, and contractors had Ex Parte meetings with the Hearing Team counsel, Dana Heinrich, and other members of the Hearing Team on September 15, 2015, and October 28, 2015, to discuss the adequacy of the petition, and on January 25, 2015 to discuss the WaterFix Final EIR/EIS. To the extent that these Ex Parte contacts have influenced the Hearing Team to advise the Hearing Officers to repeatedly proceed with the hearing, without resolving issues of obsolete, speculative, or inaccurate project information, they have been wholly prejudicial to protestants.

IV. MODELING SHELL GAME

A. PRE-HEARING

The Sacramento Valley Water Users sent a letter to the Petitioners on February 17, 2016, requesting information on the "fundamental hydrologic modeling for California WaterFix" and stating that "confirmation and production" of information on proposed operations was "necessary to afford Protestants with a full and fair opportunity to prepare for and participate in

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the Hearing." (p. 2.) ¹² California Water Research also sent a letter to the Hearing Officers on February 4, 2016 which stated in part¹³:

Without this modelling evidence, the Petition is incomplete. As a result of the Petitioners' failure to include the substantiating information in its Petition, or to adequately notice its availability and disseminate it to interested parties, the Petition should not proceed to hearing until it is provided. (23 Cal. Code Regs., § 794 subd. (g); see also Wat. Code, § 1703.6, subd. (a) (requiring cancellation of petition in this circumstance).) (p. 3.)

The Hearing Officers March 4, 2016 Hearing ruling required that petitioners respond to the letters within 7 days (p. 11.)¹⁴ On March 11, 2016, the Petitioners responded, providing the table on the following page (p. 3), and stating, "As noted in Table 1 above, the modeling conducted for the BA is the basis of the information that will be used in the case-in-chief in the Hearing process" (p. 8.)¹⁵ The letter was cc:ed to Tom Howard, the Executive Director of the State Water Resources Control Board, and Michael Lauffer, Chief Counsel for the State Water Resources Control Board (p. 8), indicating that the proposal to use the BA modeling for DWR's case in chief was submitted for approval by the Executive Director and Chief Counsel.

However, PRA documents indicate that the Department of Water Resources began secret

¹² The Sacramento Valley Water Users' February 17, 2016 letter to the Petitioners is hereby incorporated as if set forth in full herein. Available at

https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/waterrights/water issues/programs/bay delta/california waterfix/exhibits/docs/201 60217 svwu.pdf

¹³ California Water Research's February 17, 2016 letter to the Petitioners is hereby incorporated as if set forth in full herein. Available at

 $[\]frac{https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/waterrights/water\ issues/programs/bay\ delta/california\ waterfix/comments/docs/comments/doc$

¹⁴ The Hearing Officers' March 4, 2016 ruling is hereby incorporated as if set forth in full herein. Available at https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/waterrights/water-issues/programs/bay-delta/california-waterfix/docs/cwf final 0 30416 ruling.pdf

¹⁵ The Petitioners' March 11, 2016 Written Response to March 4 Requirement to Address Information Requests from California Water Research and Sacramento Valley Water Users is hereby incorporated as if set forth in full herein. Available at

https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/waterrights/water_issues/programs/bay_delta/california_waterfix/docs/20160311_p_et_response.pdf

meetings with the WaterFix Hearing Team to change the proposed operations and associated modeling less than a month after providing this response. The implication that the Executive Director and Chief Counsel were reviewing and approving the modeling, rather than the Hearing Team, was fundamentally misleading and deceptive.

	Recirculated DEIR/SDEIS	Final EIR/EIS	CWF Biological Assessment for ESA Section 7	Change Petition
No Action Alternative	No Action Alternative at Early Long Term (ELT)	No Action Alternative at ELT with Fremont Weir updates	No Action Alternative at ELT revised per ESA requirements	Same as Biological Assessment (BA)
Alternative 4A	Modeled as a range between Alternative 4 H3 and H4 operations at ELT	Alternative 4A H3+ operations at ELT	Alternative 4A H3+ operations at ELT	Same as BA
CALSIM Version	2010	2010	2015	2015
Date Data Available	November 2011 (model runs developed for administrative record)	February 2016	February 2016	February 2016

PRA documents show a mention that the Hearing Team counsel was contacted by Ken Bogdan, an attorney for the Department of Water Resources, and the Hearing Team counsel relayed that DWR had additional modeling for the Board. The PRA documents show there was correspondence between the Hearing Team and Mr. Bogdan, and a web conference on April 21, 2016 about the new modeling. A different set of modeling was reviewed and approved by the Hearing Team in the Ex Parte meetings. The Hearing Officers ruled on April 25, 2016 that DWR could submit additional modeling, but without disclosing the Ex Parte review and approval.¹⁶ In the April 25, 2016 Hearing Ruling, the Board ruled,

The Hearing Officers April 25, 2016 Hearing ruling is hereby incorporated as if set forth in full herein. Available at
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modeling in support of the WaterFix EIR/EIS project description. (p. 2.) However, the Petitioners' March 28, 2016 letter requesting a continuance had not mentioned the need to submit additional modeling in support of the WaterFix EIR/EIS project On May 25, 2016, the Petitioners submitted different operational scenarios for the Hearing than in the Biological Assessment modeling. The new operating scenarios were not actual proposed operations, but only a "Boundary analysis." As Jennifer Pierre testified for the petitioners: The initial operating criteria anticipated to be required for the proposed project for ESA and CESA permitting purposes, and which are presented in the RDEIR/SDEIS, Chapter 4, with Alternative 4A (the proposed project) as a [slince the BiOp has not been issued and DWR and Reclamation do not know the initial operational criteria, the analytical framework presented for Part 1 is a boundary analysis." PRA documents show that the Hearing team had a meeting with the petitioners on May 26, the There is thus a prima facie case that DWR's Ex Parte meetings with the Hearing team to review and approve the modeling affected the Hearing officers' April 25, 2016 ruling on a https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/waterrights/water_issues/programs/bay_delta/california_waterfix/docs/20160425_c ¹⁷ The Petitioners' March 28, 2016 letter is hereby incorporated as if set forth in full herein. Available at https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/waterrights/water_issues/programs/bay_delta/california_waterfix/docs/20160425_c 27

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renewed motion to dismiss the petition, due to an unstable project description.¹⁸ The Hearing Officers ruled,

The request to dismiss the petition is denied. [...] Rather than supplement the petition, the petitioners are expected to provide more information concerning project operations and potential effects on legal users of water during the petitioners' case in chief. (*Id* at p. 3.)

And also ruled,

issues concerning the modeling conducted for the WaterFix can be addressed during the hearing, and do not need to be resolved before the hearing can proceed. (*Id* at p. 4.)

The Hearing Officers later barred filing of motions to dismiss at the close of Part 1, as discussed in Part I of this motion. These rulings have been profoundly prejudicial for protestants.

C. OBSOLETE OPERATIONS SUBMITTED FOR PART 2

There is also prima evidence that the Early Long Term modeled operations submitted for Part 2 are now obsolete or subject to change. Westlands Water District voted on September 19, 2017 not to fund the WaterFix project. (Record submitted for official notice by California Water Research on September 27, 2017.) The Department of Water Resources published a Request for Qualifications document for the project, which states in part,

DWR is in the process of evaluating different ways of implementing the CWF including possible construction in stages, with the first stage consisting of two North Delta intakes instead of three, and one main tunnel instead of two. The second stage of construction would complete the facilities as approved at a subsequent time. (p. 1.)

Reclamation has also not officially adopted the project in WaterFix Final EIR/EIS. The Petitioners are thus still proceeding with a petition application containing obsolete, misleading, incomplete, and/or inaccurate information. The Hearing Officers ruled on November 8, 2017,

¹⁸ The April 3, 2016 renewed motion to dismiss the petition by Planning and Conservation League et. al., is hereby incorporated as if set forth in full herein. Available at

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that "petitioners have not proposed to alter the physical parameters of the project or proposed any changes to operating criteria that cannot be addressed in Part 2 of the hearing." (p. 1.)¹⁹ If the hearing proceeds through the final phase and conclusion, based on Petitioners' testimony about their CEQA document, and the Notice Of Determination by the Department of Water Resources, it will be of fatal prejudice to protestants.

V. EX PARTE COMMUNICATIONS AND OBJECTIONS ON RELEVANCE

A. Objections

Objections to the relevance of the modeling to Petitioners' actual proposed project were also raised by protestants, prior to the Hearing. Protestant's objections cited in part the ruling in *Seering v. Department of Social Services* (1987) 194 Cal.App.3d 298 that Kelly-Frye standards apply to administrative hearings. *People v. Kelly*, 17 Cal. 3d 24 (Cal.1976) requires that the following be established for evidence to be admissible:

- (i) expert must establish reliability of the method,
- (ii) witness must be qualified as an expert
- (iii) witness's testimony must be "relevant," and
- (iv) witness must demonstrate use of proper scientific procedures. (underlining added.)

There are similar requirements in the 2012 Supreme Court decision in *Sargon Enterprises, Inc. v. University of Southern Cal.* (2012) 55 Cal.4th 747,770 which stated:

We construe this to mean that the matter relied on must provide a reasonable basis for the particular opinion offered, and that an expert opinion based on speculation or conjecture is inadmissible. (*Id* at 770, citing *Lockheed Litigation Cases* (2004) 115 Cal.App.4th 558, 564)

¹⁹ The Hearing Officers' November 8, 2017 Hearing ruling is hereby incorporated as if set forth in full herein. Available at

https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/waterrights/water issues/programs/bay delta/california waterfix/ruling notices/docs/20171108 cwf ruling.pdf

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Protestants also cited *Sargon*, supra, and *Lockheed*, supra in objections to the admissibility of the Petitioners' modeling evidence. Protestants submitted exhibits by the extended deadline set by the Hearing Officers ruled that pre-hearing objections were due on July 12, 2016 at 12:00 pm.

B. EX PARTE CONTACTS

Documents obtained under Public Records Act requests by Patrick Porgans show that at 1:00 pm and 1:11 pm DWR counsel and DWR's DHCCP environmental lead sent these two messages to the Hearing team counsel and Hearing team expert:

From: Bogdan, Kenneth M.@DWR Sent: Tuesday, July 12, 2016 1:11 PM To: Heinrich, Dana@Waterboards

Subject: FW: Hi Diane, I sent you an invite for an App 5E follow-up meeting based on availability from Kyle.

Hi Dana - I think it is critical that Diane be at this meeting - anything you can do to help get her there would be appreciated. We are at the final stages in preparing the Final EIR and this is the last substantive issue that needs to be completed .

Thanks!

From: Yee, Marcus@DWR

Sent: Tuesday, July 12, 2016 1:00 PM

To: Riddle, Diane@Waterboards Cc: Bogdan, Kenneth M.@DWR

Subject: Hi Diane, I sent you an invite for an App 5E follow-up meeting based on availability from Kyle.

Hopefully, the time will work for you.

-marcus

DWR's website shows that Marcus Yee is the Environmental Scientist and DHCCP lead, DWR Division of Environmental Services, and Kenneth Bogdan is with DWR's Office of Chief counsel.

To the extent there was extensive Ex Parte contacts between the Hearing Team and employees of the the Department of Water Resources, to review and approve the modeling for

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the WaterFix hearing, it was predecisional on the issues of relevance and admissibility. To the extent these Ex Parte contacts were concealed from discovery by DWR, it fundamentally compromised the Hearing process. The Board's July 22, 2016 ruling on objections raised by the protestants stated²⁰,

We recognize that petitioners bear the burden of establishing that the proposed changes will not injure other legal users of water. As we stated in our February ruling, however, not all uncertainties can or need to be resolved before beginning the hearing. In fact, the purpose of this hearing is to resolve some of the issues concerning how the proposed project would be operated.

At this point, any remaining uncertainty concerning the proposed project and its effects should be raised in the hearing process, including but not limited to cross-examination, and the protestants' cases in chief. (*Id* at p. 2.)

This ruling was simply contrary to requirements in *People v. Kelly*, supra that scientific evidence to be relevant to be admissible and in *Sargon Enterprises*, *Inc. v. University of Southern Cal.* and *Lockheed Litigation Cases* that evidence based on factors which are speculative or conjectural is inadmissible.

C. RULING THAT HEARING TEAM WOULD DECIDE RELIABILITY

The Hearing Officers also ruled that DWR's CALSIM II hydrologic modeling of speculative and obsolete operations for Part 1 was admissible on February 21, 2017. The Hearing Officers did not make any findings on the requirements in *People v. Kelly*, supra that evidence be relevant. The February 21, 2017 ruling simply stated that Kelly-Frye was not applicable to Board hearings, referring in part to the advice of the Hearing Team²¹:

²⁰ The Hearing Officers July 22, 2016 Hearing ruling is hereby incorporated as if set forth in full herein. Available at

https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/waterrights/water issues/programs/bay delta/california waterfix/docs/20160722 c wf ruling.pdf

²¹ The Hearing Officers February 21, 2017 Hearing ruling is hereby incorporated as if set forth in full herein. Available at

https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/waterrights/water issues/programs/bay delta/california waterfix/ruling notices/docs/20170221 cwf ruling.pdf

Seering is distinguishable from this case because that case involved an administrative proceeding before an ALJ, who may not have had any scientific background. [...] the hearing officers are assisted and advised in every adjudicative proceeding by a team comprised of professional attorneys, engineers, and scientists with the expertise necessary to evaluate whatever scientific information is presented in the proceeding. (*Id* at p. 8.)

Although State Water Board staff did not create CalSim II or DSM2, staff have an indepth knowledge of the models, having used the models themselves for purposes of water quality control planning and implementation in the Delta. (*Id* at p. 8.)

State Water Board staff and the Board Members have developed a solid understanding of both the utility and the limitations of models such as CalSim II and DSM2. [..] For this reason, application of the *Kelly* rule in this proceeding to petitioners' testimony based on modeling results is unnecessary to ensure that the modeling evidence is afforded the proper weight. (*Id* at p. 9.)

This ruling to admit the CALSIM hydrologic modeling of speculative and obsolete operations and the evidence and testimony that relied on it did not address the objections based on *Sargon Enterprises, Inc. v. University of Southern Cal. supra* or *Lockheed Litigation Cases, supra*. These cases require that scientific evidence that is based on factors that are speculative or conjectural, is not admissible.

The Hearing Officers also barred all further objections based on Kelly-Frye standards in their ruling of March 15, 2017²², stating:

Objections Based on the Kelly Rule. The Kelly rule does not apply. Accordingly, expert testimony based on a new scientific technique does not require a showing that the technique has been generally accepted in the relevant scientific community. (*Id* at p. 3.)

The March 15, 2017 Hearing ruling also barred the filing of any objections before the rebuttal, stating that

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²² The Hearing Officers' March 15, 2017 Hearing ruling is hereby incorporated as if set forth in full herein. Available at

https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/waterrights/water issues/programs/bay delta/california waterfix/ruling notices/docs/20170315 cwf ruling.pdf

First, the parties should not make any objections to the admissibility of rebuttal testimony [... before the hearing resumes for presentation of rebuttal. We will review the written testimony carefully before the hearing resumes to ensure that the testimony is relevant, within the scope of rebuttal, and sufficiently reliable to be admissible. (*Id* at p. 2.)

As California Water Research argued on November 6, 2017²³

The cumulative effect of these rulings is an unreasonable burden on protestants to respond to testimony and evidence based on "operating scenarios," which can never rise to the level of substantial evidence. In (*Pacific Gas*, 189 Cal. App. 3d at 1135), the court held:

The value of opinion evidence rests not in the conclusion reached but in the factors considered and the reasoning employed. [citations omitted] Where an expert bases his conclusion upon assumptions which are not supported by the record, upon matters which are not reasonably relied upon by other experts, or upon factors which are speculative, remote or conjectural, then his conclusion has no evidentiary value. [citations omitted] In those circumstances the expert's opinion cannot rise to the dignity of substantial evidence. [citations omitted.] (*Id* at p. 5, underlining added.)

The November 8, 2018 Hearing ruling then barred the filing of any written evidentiary objections before or during Part 2 of the Water Fix hearing, stating:

We have directed the parties not to file evidentiary objections to the admissibility of testimony before the hearing resumes for presentation of Part 2 cases-in-chief. We further direct that all objections to the admissibility of evidence be made orally during the hearing before or at the time the evidence is offered into the record. We may allow the submission of written motions at the request of the moving party if we determine that a written motion would assist us in ruling on the issue. If a written motion is permitted, written responses will also be allowed. (p. 3.)

For the Hearing Officers to overrule evidentiary objections based on standards for admissibility of scientific evidence is one thing, but to bar their submission for the Hearing record is another, and raises significant issues of bias. The right to a fair hearing procedure

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²³ California Water Research's November 6, 2017 letter to the Hearing Officers, *Re: Statutory and regulatory requirements for Change Petition still not met*, is hereby incorporated as if set forth in full herein. Available at https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/waterrights/water issues/programs/bay delta/california waterfix/docs/2017/20171 106 ddj motion.pdf

includes the right to impartial adjudicators. (*Applebaum v. Board of Directors* (1980) 104 Cal. App. 3d 648, 658 [163 Cal. Rptr. 831].)

VI. CONCLUSION

To the extent that the Hearing counsel, who approved the modeling for the Board, advised the Hearing Officers on this series of prejudicial rulings, it is a fundamental violation of the right to a fair trial under Government Code section 1094.5. To the extent the Hearing Team, who approved the modeling for the Board in Ex Parte meetings with the Department of Water Resources, not only gave advice on its admissibility, but will be also be giving advice on the weight to give the modeling for the Board's final ruling, it is a violation of the right under Government Code section 11425.10, subdivision (4) to have a separation of adjudicatory and advocacy functions.

Dated Jan 31, 2018

Respectfully submitted,

Deirdre Des Jardins

Principal, California Water Research

STATEMENT OF SERVICE

CALIFORNIA WATERFIX PETITION HEARING Department of Water Resources and U.S. Bureau of Reclamation (Petitioners)

I hereby certify that I have this day submitted to the State Water Resources Control Board and caused a true and correct copy of the following document(s):

MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION AND DISMISSAL OF PETITION OR IN THE ALTERNATIVE, MOTION TO PUT EX PARTE COMMUNICATIONS IN THE RECORD AND REOPEN PART 1

to be served by Electronic Mail (email) upon the parties listed in the Current Service List for the California Water Fix Petition Hearing, dated January 24, 2018, posted by the State Water Resources Control Board at

http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/waterrights/water_issues/programs/bay_delta/california_waterfix/service_list.shtml

Note: In the event that any emails to any parties on the Current Service List are undeliverable, you must attempt to effectuate service using another method of service, if necessary, and submit another statement of service that describes any changes to the date and method of service for those parties.

I certify that the foregoing is true and correct and that this document was executed on January 31, 2018.

Signature:

Name: Deirdre Des Jardins

Title: Principal, California Water Research

Party/Affiliation: Deirdre Des Jardins

Address:

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145 Beel Dr Santa Cruz, California 95060

California Water Research (Deirdre Des Jardins)' Motion for Reconsideration and Dismissal of Petition, or in the Alternative, Motion to Put Ex Parte Communications in the Record and Reopen Part 1

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